

A First-Order Characterization and Topological Properties of Gel'fand \mathcal{C}^∞ -Rings

JEAN CERQUEIRA BERNI*

São Paulo State University - Unesp, Brazil

HUGO LUIZ MARIANO†

University of São Paulo - USP, Brazil

Keywords: \mathcal{C}^∞ -ring, Gel'fand rings, Smooth Spectra

Definition 1. A \mathcal{C}^∞ -*structure* on a set A is a pair $\mathfrak{A} = (A, \Phi)$, where:

$$\begin{aligned} \Phi : \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \mathcal{C}^\infty(\mathbb{R}^n, \mathbb{R}) &\rightarrow \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \text{Func}(A^n; A) \\ (f : \mathbb{R}^n \xrightarrow{\mathcal{C}^\infty} \mathbb{R}) &\mapsto \Phi(f) := (f^A : A^n \rightarrow A) \end{aligned}$$

that is, Φ interprets the **symbols** –here considered simply as syntactic symbols rather than functions– of all smooth real functions of n variables as n -ary function symbols on A .

A \mathcal{C}^∞ -structure $\mathfrak{A} = (A, \Phi)$ is a \mathcal{C}^∞ -ring whenever it preserves projections and all equations between smooth functions.

In this work we introduce the concept of a “Gel'fand \mathcal{C}^∞ -ring” in this first-order language as follows:

Definition 2. A \mathcal{C}^∞ -ring A is a **Gelfand \mathcal{C}^∞ -ring** whenever the following formula is true in it:

$$(\forall x \in A)(\exists y \in A)(\exists y' \in A)((1 - x \cdot y) \cdot (1 - (1 - x) \cdot y') = 0) \quad (1)$$

Gel'fand \mathcal{C}^∞ -rings compose a full subcategory of $\mathcal{C}^\infty\mathbf{Ring}$, which we denote by $\mathcal{C}^\infty\mathbf{GfRing}$, and have the following remarkable properties:

- A \mathcal{C}^∞ -ring, A , is a Gel'fand \mathcal{C}^∞ if, and only if, every prime and \mathcal{C}^∞ -radical prime ideal (see [2]) is contained in a unique maximal ideal;
- $\mathcal{C}^\infty\mathbf{GfRing}$ is closed under products, quotients and directed colimits (for their definition, see [3]);
- Every \mathcal{C}^∞ -domain (for the definition, see [3]) is a Gel'fand \mathcal{C}^∞ ring (the converse is not true);
- Every von Neumann regular \mathcal{C}^∞ -ring (see [1]) is a Gel'fand \mathcal{C}^∞ -Ring;
- A \mathcal{C}^∞ -domain is a Gel'fand \mathcal{C}^∞ -ring if, and only if, it is a local \mathcal{C}^∞ -ring;

Moreover, we show the following topological result concerning the topology of the smooth versions of the prime and maximal *spectra* (for the definitions, see [1]) of Gel'fand \mathcal{C}^∞ -rings:

*j.berni@unesp.br

†hugomar@ime.usp.br

- Whenever A is a Gel'fand \mathcal{C}^∞ -ring, the map:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mu : \operatorname{Spec}^\infty(A) & \rightarrow & \operatorname{Specm}^\infty(A) \\ \mathfrak{m} & \mapsto & \mathfrak{m}_{\mathfrak{p}} \end{array}$$

which maps every prime ideal to the unique maximal ideal in which it is contained, is a continuous retraction; Conversely, if there is a continuous retraction from $\operatorname{Spec}^\infty(A)$ to $\operatorname{Specm}^\infty(A)$, then A is necessarily a Gel'fand \mathcal{C}^∞ -ring;

- A \mathcal{C}^∞ -ring is Gel'fand if, and only if, $\operatorname{Spec}^\infty(A)$ is a normal topological space.

The main contribution of this work is, thus, to show that the first order notion of a Gel'fand \mathcal{C}^∞ -ring proposed in **Definition 2** is a “fair” one, showing some of its interesting unfoldings.

References

- [1] BERNI, Jean Cerqueira; MARIANO, Hugo Luiz. **Classification of Boolean Algebras through von Neumann Regular \mathcal{C}^∞ -Rings and Applications**, *Categories and General Algebraic Structures with Applications* v.21 n.1, pp. 211 -239, 2024.
- [2] BERNI, Jean Cerqueira; MARIANO, Hugo Luiz. **Separation Theorems in The Commutative Algebra of \mathcal{C}^∞ -Rings and Applications**, *Communications in Algebra* v.29, pp. 1 -31, 2022.
- [3] BERNI, Jean Cerqueira; MARIANO, Hugo Luiz. **A Universal Algebraic Survey of \mathcal{C}^∞ -Rings**. *Latin American Journal Of Mathematics* v.1, n.1, pp. 8 - 39, 2022.
- [4] BERNI, Jean Cerqueira; MARIANO, Hugo Luiz. **A Geometria Diferencial Sintética e os Mundos onde Podemos Interpretá-la: um Convite ao Estudo dos Anéis \mathcal{C}^∞** , *Revista Matemática Universitária* v.1, pp. 5 - 30, 2022.
- [5] BERNI, Jean Cerqueira; MARIANO, Hugo Luiz. **\mathcal{C}^∞ -Rings: an Interplay Between Geometry and Logics**. *Boletín de Matemáticas* v. 27, n. 2, ed. 2, pp. 85-112, 2022.
- [6] BERNI, Jean Cerqueira; MARIANO, Hugo Luiz; FIGUEIREDO, Rodrigo. **On the Order Theory of \mathcal{C}^∞ -Reduced \mathcal{C}^∞ -Rings and Applications**. *Journal of Applied Logics: IFCOLOG Journal of Logics and Their Applications*, v. 9, pp. 93-134, 2022.
- [7] BERNI, Jean Cerqueira; MARIANO, Hugo Luiz. **Classifying toposes for some theories of \mathcal{C}^∞ -Rings**. *South American Journal of Logic*, [s. l.], ano 2, v. 4, n. 2, p. 313-350, 2018.
- [8] COMER, Stephen D. **Representation by Algebras of Sections over Boolean Spaces**. *Pacific Journal of Mathematics*, v. 38, n. 1, 1971.
- [9] CONTESSA, Maria. **On pm-rings**. *Communications in Algebra* 12.1, pp. 1447-1469, 1984.
- [10] DE MARCO, G.; ORSATTI, A. **Commutative Rings in which every Prime Ideal is contained in a Unique Maximal Ideal**. In: *Proceedings of the American Mathematical Society* 30.3, pp. 459 - 466, 1971.
- [11] MOERDIJK, Ieke; REYES, Gonzalo. **Models for Smooth Infinitesimal Analysis**. 1. ed. New York: Springer Verlag, 1991. 399 p. ISBN 0-387-97489-X.
- [12] MULVEY, Christopher. **A Generalisation of Gelfand Duality**, *Journal of Algebra*, v. 56, [s.l.], p. 499-505, 1979.