

# Synthesis of boronic acid derivatives designed as SARS-CoV-2 MPro inhibitors

Juliana Lopes <sup>1</sup> Jean Leandro dos Santos <sup>1</sup> Mariana Ortiz Godoy <sup>2</sup> Rafael V <sup>2</sup>

Vol 1, 2022 - 152544

Poster

## Abstract

Identification of new targets for SARS-CoV-2 virus allow the development of novel therapeutic approaches [1]. Among those targets, the inhibition of the main cysteine protease, named Mpro (3CLpro), interfered in the viral replication and transcription [2]. FL-166, a bi-functionalized boronic acid derivative, exhibited potent inhibition of SARS-CoV Mpro ( $K_i = 0,04 \mu\text{M}$ ) [3]. Considering the similarity between SARS-CoV-2 and SARS-CoV MPro, in this work we designed new boronic acid derivatives in order to investigate their role as inhibitors of SARS-CoV-2 Mpro. Exploring molecular optimization assisted by molecular modelling, we have synthesized four main class of compounds: amides, esters, carbonyl-alpha-beta-unsaturated and N-acyl hydrazones. All compounds were synthesized at yields ranging from 12 to 30 % and characterized by analytical methods. Docking studies have shown docking scores values ranging from -4.30 to -5.11. All these data suggest that boronic acid derivatives could be explored as prototypes to design new SARS-Cov-2 Mpro inhibitors

## Share your ideas or questions with the authors!



Did you know that the greatest stimulus in scientific and cultural development is curiosity? Leave your questions or suggestions to the author!

[Sign in to interact](#)

## Institutions

<sup>1</sup> Universidade Estadual Paulista "Júlio de Mesquita Filho" - Campus Araraquara

<sup>2</sup> USP - São Carlos

## Keywords

boronic acids

Mpro inhibitors

SARS-CoV-2

COVID-19